

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

M. RAPLEE,
DIRECTOR OF THE GOVERNMENT PRESS
HONOLULU:
WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 27, 1871.
BY AUTHORITY.



Subscribers to the Hotel Bonds are hereby notified that the fourth and last installment is called for, and will be payable at the Finance Office on the 15th day of October next.

Finance Office, J. M. Serris,
Sept. 10th, 1871. Minister of Finance.

LIST OF TAX COLLECTORS FOR 1871.
The following persons are appointed Tax Collectors for the year 1871.

OAHU.	MAUI.
Honolulu, Geo. H. Lee.	Lahaina, L. Ahele.
Ewa and Waiwae, John D. Holt.	Wailuku, H. Kulehau.
Waialae, W. C. Lane.	Maunaloa, N. Kapikahi.
Koolaula, P. K. Loo.	Maunaloa, T. Lyons.
Koolaula, John E. Wilder.	Maunaloa and Lanai, D. Kapaemahu.

HAWAII.	KAUAI.
Hilo, G. W. Alan Hapai.	Hanalei, A. S. Wilcox.
Maunaloa, S. C. Wilcox.	Maunaloa, S. Kamahele.
N. Kohala, Jas. Woods.	Lihoe, W. O. Smith.
S. Kohala, S. F. Chillingworth.	Koloa, J. K. Smith.
S. Kona, J. G. Hoaglin.	Waimea, G. E. Rowell.
S. Kona, C. F. Hart.	Nihoa, Kahu Kana.
Kaua, J. E. Swain.	
Puna, S. B. Fanning.	

Notice is hereby given that Honolulu bridge, at the west end of King Street, will be closed to traffic on and after Tuesday the 12th of September proximo, for the purpose of erecting a new bridge, and remain closed until the completion of the work.

Head Supervisor's Office, September 4th, 1871.

Treaty with Japan.

WHEREAS, a Treaty of Amity and Commerce, between His Majesty the King, and His Imperial Majesty the Tennō of Japan, was concluded at Yedo on the 19th day of August, 1871, which has been ratified by His Majesty the King, and His Imperial Majesty the Tennō of Japan, and the ratifications duly exchanged—which Treaty is, word for word as follows:

His Majesty the King of the Hawaiian Islands, and His Imperial Majesty the Tennō, being equally animated by the desire to establish relations of friendship between the two countries, have resolved to conclude a Treaty, reciprocally advantageous, and for that purpose have named for their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say, His Majesty the King of the Hawaiian Islands, His Excellency C. E. De Long, appointed and commissioned by His Majesty, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the Kingdom of Hawaii, near the Government of His Majesty the Tennō of Japan, and His Imperial Majesty the Tennō, His Excellency Sawa Isumasa Kiyomasa Nohyoshi, Minister for Foreign Affairs, and His Excellency Terachima Jusei Fugiwara Munemori, First Assistant Minister for Foreign Affairs, who having communicated to each other their respective full powers, which are found in good order, and in proper form, have agreed upon the following Articles:

ARTICLE 1. There shall be perpetual peace and friendship between His Majesty the King of the Hawaiian Islands, and His Imperial Majesty the Tennō, and their heirs and successors, and between their respective subjects.

ARTICLE 2. The subjects of each of the two High Contracting Parties, respectively, shall have the liberty freely and securely to come with their ships and cargoes to all places, ports and rivers in the territories of the other, where trade with other nations is permitted; they may remain and reside in any such ports and places respectively, and hire and occupy houses and warehouses, and may trade in all kinds of produce, manufactures and merchandise of lawful commerce, enjoying at all times the same privileges as may have been, or may hereafter be granted to the citizens or subjects of any other nation, paying at all times such duties and taxes as may be exacted from the citizens or subjects of other nations doing business or residing within the territories of each of the High Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE 3. Each of the High Contracting Parties shall have the right to appoint, if it shall seem good to them, a Diplomatic Agent, who shall reside at the seat of the Government of the respective countries, and Consuls and Consular Agents, who shall reside in the ports or places within the territories of the other where trade with other nations is permitted. The Diplomatic Agents and Consuls of each of the High Contracting Parties shall exercise all the authority and jurisdiction, and shall enjoy within the territories of the other all the rights and privileges, exemptions and immunities which now appertain, or may hereafter appertain to Agents of the same rank of the most favored nations.

ARTICLE 4. It is hereby stipulated that the Hawaiian Government and its subjects, upon like terms and conditions, will be allowed free and equal participation in all privileges, immunities and advantages that may have been or may hereafter be granted by His Majesty the

Tennō of Japan, to the Government or citizens or subjects of any other nation.

ARTICLE 5. The Japanese Government will place no restrictions whatever upon the employment by Hawaiian subjects of Japanese in any lawful capacity. Japanese in the employ of foreigners may obtain Government passports to go abroad, on application to the Governor of any open port.

ARTICLE 6. It is hereby agreed that such revision of this Treaty, on giving six months previous notice to either of the High Contracting Parties, may be made by mutual agreement, as experience shall prove necessary.

ARTICLE 7. The present Treaty shall be ratified by His Majesty the King of the Hawaiian Islands, and by His Imperial Majesty the Tennō, and the ratifications exchanged at Yedo, the same day as the date of this Treaty, and shall go into effect immediately after the date of such exchange of ratifications.

In token whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed this Treaty.

Done at the City of Yedo, this 19th day of August, A. D. One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-one, corresponding in Japanese date to the fourth day of the 7th month of the 4th year of Meiji.

(Signed)
C. E. DE LONG. [Seal]
Sawa Isumasa Kiyomasa Nohyoshi. [Seal]
Terachima Jusei Fugiwara Munemori. [Seal]

Now, all persons are hereby notified, that the said Treaty is a part of the Law of this Kingdom, and is to be regarded such.

CHAS. C. HARRIS,
Minister for Foreign Affairs.

FOREIGN OFFICE,
September 27th, 1871.

Is the conclusion of the Treaty with the Empire of Japan, which is published this day, His Excellency C. E. De Long, Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States, at Yedo, has rendered most valuable service to this country. We shall take occasion in our next issue to give our readers some account of this negotiation. It will be seen that by the Treaty, this Kingdom and its subjects are placed on a footing, in Japan, with the most favored nations, and by the 5th Article, Japanese in the employ of foreigners may leave any of the open ports of Japan, and that the Japanese Government will place no restrictions upon the employment of their subjects by our citizens. Surely, everyone will be gratified at the liberality of the Japanese government in these respects. Upon the conclusion of the Treaty, the following note was received by Mr. De Long from their Excellencies the Japanese Ministers for Foreign Affairs:

"Fifth Day, Seventh Month, Fourth Year Meiji:
Your Excellency: We, the undersigned, Ministers for Foreign Affairs, have the honor to bring to Your Excellency's notice, that the Treaty between the Hawaiian Kingdom and this Empire, having been now concluded, a Salute of Honor for that Kingdom of twenty-one guns will be fired from our forts. We beg to request that you will kindly advise the Government of Hawaii of this fact.

With respect and consideration.
Sawa Isumasa Kiyomasa Nohyoshi.
Terachima Jusei Fugiwara Munemori.
To His Excellency,
C. E. DE LONG.
Envoy Extraordinary, &c., &c., &c."

In response to this compliment, a salute of honor for the Japanese Empire will be fired from Paowaima Battery at 12 M., to-day. The Japanese flag will be displayed on the flag-staff of the Battery, and will continue flying from noon until sunset.

A Protest from the Arctic.

It has of late years been the practice of whalers upon entering the Arctic early in the season to capture walrus, in the absence of the whales, for oil, ivory and hides. During the past two or three years, great numbers of this animal have been captured for these purposes. Capt. Barker, of the Japan, who passed the last winter with the natives, (who divided with him and his crew their scanty supplies), states that they look upon the capture of the walrus by whalers with great misgivings and regret. They said to him that if the practice was continued long, the walrus, upon which they depend for food, would become so scarce that they would be unable to procure food for the long winters, and they as well as those unfortunate mariners who, like the crew of the Japan, are cast upon their shores, will have to starve. The taking of walrus in the Arctic may be considered in a similar light to the destroying of the wild game on the hunting grounds of the Indians, and it is a question if, from motives of humanity, their indiscriminate slaughter should not cease. We shall have more to say on this subject when our friends of the whaling fleet shall have an opportunity to consider the matter.

The Mail Steamers.

The Government of New Zealand have altered the Webb contract, allowing the contractor to perform the service from Auckland to Port Chalmers with the New Zealand Steamship Company's steamer Taranaki, the subsidy to remain the same. The steamer Nebraska would merely call at Auckland and proceed direct to Melbourne, returning via Sydney on the 25th of September. The Chief Secretary in Victoria has given notice to discontinue the Subsidy line, stating that he was of the opinion that it was a line direct across the Cape of Good Hope and also via San Francisco.

Mr. Gavin Duffy, in accordance with these views, issued a circular to the Colonies of Queensland, New South Wales, South Australia and Tasmania, asking the Governments to send a representative to attend a conference to be held in Melbourne.

land, and proceed on board her. In the meantime, the Government of New Zealand have agreed to carry the Tasmania, South Australia, Victoria, and Queensland mails free of expense until January, 1872, when the Colonies will be able to combine to support one line.

Mr. Hall has written to the New South Wales Government, stating that contrary to anticipation, no government aid had been granted to his line, and intimating that it would be worse than folly for any person, however great his means, to continue the service, and urges that if the Government have no intention to aid the line, that it is better to make it public. A deputation of the Chamber of Commerce waited upon the Postmaster-General, asking him to pay Mr. Hall. Mr. Lord, the Treasurer of New South Wales, replied that the money would be paid to Mr. Hall that day for the past service, but it was not to be considered as binding upon the Government for future payments, as other arrangements might be made. He was not prepared to say further until he heard from Queensland, Victoria, and New Zealand upon the subject.

Mr. Eames—Sir: I desire to correct, through your columns, a statement made by the *Advertiser* respecting a reply which I sent to that paper, contradicting an article which it published charging my employees with deliberately kindling a fire which "laid in ashes half a mile of fence, and three hundred of fifty five-year-old Kahlia trees, &c." belonging to the Kahlia Plantation. Now the *Advertiser* says that in my reply I modified some of the statements made in said article. I did so, not for fear, as the whole charge to be false so far as to my hands are concerned. The fire was not originated by any of my people; notwithstanding a direct charge was made to that effect, and a lawyer sent over to try to obtain damages from me. Nor was there a board of a fence belonging to Kahlia burned; the fence of India trees are still flourishing and only a prickly shrub fence was burned, which was a nuisance and a harbor for rats. But said fence did burn a considerable tract of pasture which I had just considered in my working estate, injuring me considerably; and I hereby offer a reward of Fifty Dollars for the discovery and conviction of the miscreant who kindled said fire, which was done during the hour of meal-time, and had no connection whatever with the fire by which I was burning my field after taking of the cane.

JOHN McKEAGUE.

By the arrival of the steamers Moses Taylor and City of Melbourne for San Francisco, we have dates to the 13th inst. from that city, and Eastern and European telegrams to the same date. The news, which we give below, though important, is not unexpected or startling. The cholera is gradually making its way to the Westward, through Russia and Germany, and it is feared that before the coming of cold weather it may commence its ravages in Great Britain.

PARIS, Sept. 6.—The condemned Communists, except Sautter, have appealed to the courts. The newspaper *La Verite* has reappeared under the title of the *Constitution*.

The vacation of the Assembly begins September 17th.

There has appointed Duke d'Assaki Governor of Algeria.

The question of creating a line of fortifications between Avignon, Chassay, and Autun, is discussed. VERMILLEN, Sept. 6.—D'Assaki's appointment is denied.

Rumor of dissensions between Italy and France are denied.

The Government has informed the Municipalities that they will not be allowed to petition for the dissolution of the Assembly.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—The latest foreign mails have further intelligence of the progress of the cholera in Russia. In some places, the proportion of deaths still continues very high. At Rostov, a town of 13,000 inhabitants, for a short time 150 persons died every day. In one village in Verone, 70 persons have died out of a population of 300. At Nuregord, one case proved fatal every day. In some places the people are panic-stricken, and do nothing but look upon the scourge as divine punishment, to which they are about to submit.

Everywhere there is a war of competition. In the district of Narva, there is only one doctor for a population of 50,000. He has visited patients who are forty or fifty miles from each other. In St. Petersburg, the number of cases has considerably diminished.

CONSTITUTION, Sept. 6.—The Grand Vizier is dead. Ignatoff, the Russian Minister, has arrived.

ROME, Sept. 6.—Official reports say that the Minister of Public Works, Righetti, Minister of Marine, Gadda, Prefect of Rome. Sautter is intrusted with the transfer of the capital.

BERLIN, Sept. 6.—The *Preussische Correspondenz* is confident that the Imperial conference at Salzburg will strengthen the friendship between Germany and Austria.

It is said that the German Government, in replying to Romania, again reminded the Cabinet at Bucharest that Romania is not a sovereign State, and is not entitled to correspond with the European Powers, and it is informed, moreover, that it notes two new communications from the Emperor.

SALZBURG, Sept. 6.—The Emperor of Germany, accompanied by Prince Bismarck, arrived to-night. He was received by the Emperor of Austria, who was attended by a brilliant suite. The sovereigns conversed together a quarter of an hour. A grand banquet is to be held to-night at which their Imperial Majesties and distinguished statesmen of both Empires were present.

PARIS, Sept. 6th.—The Public indicates that a intimate relations of Cavalier Negre with Napoleon render his position here, as representative of Italy, untenable.

The Assembly has adopted a bill, laying the burden of the losses caused by the war on the whole nation, and providing for the immediate distribution of 100,000,000 francs among the sufferers by the destruction.

The Commune League, for the deliverance of Alsace and Lorraine, announces that it will continue its labors, but has modified the title to "The Society for the Promotion of Alsace-Lorraine as one mass."

There gave Marshal Bazaine, an audience to-day which lasted over an hour. The Marshal has appeared before the Committee on Military Investigation. He made a speech in defense of his conduct in the war, attributing the failure at Metz mainly to the lack of ammunition.

The *Primaire* says the officers of the Italian army are travelling over the French territory contiguous to Italy, and studying its strategic points in order to be prepared in case of war with France.

PARIS, Sept. 6.—Negotiations for the evacuation of French territory by the German troops are not progressing smoothly.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—A correspondent of a London paper, writing from Shiraz, under date June 2nd, says: "The famine in Persia may now be said to have almost come to an end, but the distress caused by it will continue for a long time. The price of bread has fallen considerably, but all the property of the poorer classes, excepting only necessary clothing, has long since been sold or exchanged for bread, and it is but too evident that starvation will be the fate of a great many more. On the road from Shiraz to Shirvan one can see at many places half starved bodies. At a caravanary, about thirty miles from Shiraz, many people died of starvation in a week."

Kamran, a town eighty miles from Shiraz, is half depopulated, many of its inhabitants went to Shiraz, Basrah, or other large towns. Great numbers died on the roads, and on the highways, crowds of beggars in the last stages of destitution, wailing for food. Sundry signs of pestilence are

ing in the loss of life, take place over the carcasses of mules, donkeys or horses, which died on the road. Robberies with violence are frequent.

In a letter dated Yered, April, it was stated that corpses had been resorted to for food, and in many cases children have been killed and devoured by parents.

SALZBURG, Sept. 7.—The conference between the Emperors William and Francis Joseph yesterday, at this place, was of the most friendly character. The people availed themselves of the event to have a gala day, and a grand dinner was given. There is also a brilliant illumination of the surrounding hills; William leaves tomorrow for Munich.

PARIS, Sept. 7.—The proposals of the Lower California Company to transport Communists prisoners and form a colony with them on the Pacific Coast, have been referred to a Committee, which will soon make a report.

The Emperor Eugene embarks at Southampton to Turkey.

The *Lorient Herald* says the daily deaths from cholera at Tabreez are 340. Christians and Mussulmans have decamped into the mountains. Business is stopped. The army is disbanded. Dreadful storms and inundations have occurred, and bazars and gardens have been destroyed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROYAL HAWAIIAN THEATRE:

THE CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS
Will Perform on
MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
EVENINGS.

ON SATURDAY, SEPT. 30,
A GRAND MATINEE
WILL BE GIVEN FOR
The Accommodation of Ladies & Children,
On which occasion
A Select Bill will be Presented.

Doors open at half past 1; Performance to commence at 2 o'clock.
ADMISSION TO ALL PARTS OF THE HOUSE, 50 CTS.
Children half price.

NOW LANDING!
—EX—
HAWAIIAN BARK R. C. WYLIE
AN INVOICE OF CHAMPAGNE

PINTS AND QUARTS, OF
RUINART, PERE & FILS, RHEIMS
—FOR SALE BY—
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
Sole Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

ON SALE!
GOODS
JUST RECEIVED
—PER—

'R. C. Wylie' and Other Late Arrivals,
CRUSHED SUGAR, Westphalia Hams,
Best English Pickles,
English Pie Fruits,
First Quality North German Ale Brewery
Bismarck Quality,
First Quality Ale in casks, quarts & pints,
First Quality English Ale in casks, Ind
Coope & Co.

First Quality Scotch Ale in casks, Juleffs,
First Quality Claret in cases,
First Quality Hubbard's Rolled Oil,
First Quality Hubback's Zinc Paint,
White Lead, Red Lead,
Ochres, Whiting, Chalk,
Black Paint,
Plaster of Paris warranted fresh at 4 1/2 cts
per pound.

MANILA AND NEW ZEALAND ROPE,
Wire Rope,
CALF SKINS,
Fishing Lines and Twines, Fish Hooks,
with a great variety of other goods.

And Shortly Expected via San Francisco
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
English, French
—AND—
American Goods:
Suitable for the Fall Trade.

Besides, due in all December.
The clipper ship 'Nicoya,'
CONTAINING
ABOUT 1000 TONS OF MERCHANDISE!

For the undersigned, from a Needle to
an Anchor, a large quantity of English
Government Portland Cement, which will
be sold cheap for CASH.

JOHN THOMAS WATERHOUSE.
Sept. 21st, 1871. (36 2m)

TO BILLIARD PLAYERS!
Big Leave to announce to the Public.
Billiard Table that I have purchased that well-known
Table formerly at the Olympic Club Hall, said to be
the best in town, and all lovers of this beautiful art
are invited to practice in it at my Club and Tobacco
Store, during the day and evening.

H. BOLLMANN
25-41 Queen St., opposite C. Brewer & Co.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY!
FOR SALE.
THE LEASE AND IMPROVEMENTS
ON THE
GLOBE HOTEL, King St.

THE HOUSE IS IN SPLENDID ORDER FOR
carrying on a first-class business. It contains 12
rooms, 3 detached cottages, two bath-rooms, stable,
coach house, bar, a first-class kitchen, with
oven, first-class English and American Stoves.
The bedding, furniture and waiting, and table service
are all new. Water is laid on in six different places
on the premises. Immediate possession can be given.
Apply to Mr. C. E. WILSON, Furniture Warehouse,
or to the proprietor on the premises. Terms liberal.

CHAIN CABLES.—All sizes, from 1 to 1 1/2
inch, in Bond or duty paid. For sale by
BOLLES & CO.

LEGAL NOTICES.

BEFORE THE SUPREME COURT OF
THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS IN PROBATE. In the
matter of the Estate of JAMES LOUZADA, late of Waialeale,
Maui, deceased—At Chambers, in the Court House in Honolulu,
before the Hon. Alfred S. Hartwell, Judge of the Supreme Court,
the 12th day of September, A.D. 1871.

GEORGE C. McLEAN, one of the Executors under the
Will of JAMES LOUZADA, late of Waialeale, Maui, deceased,
having this day rendered and presented for settlement
and filed in this Court the account and final account of
the Executor under the Will of the deceased, and also filed
a report of the administration, and petition praying
that the said account be settled, approved, and allowed,
and that an order of distribution of the estate remaining in
the hands of the Executor be granted:

The hereby ordered that FRIDAY, the 29th day of OCTOBER,
A.D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A.M., be appointed for the
settlement of said account, and that Notice thereof be given
by publication in the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE and by public notice
Newspapers printed and published in the City of Honolulu,
once a week for the period of three weeks before said day appointed
for settlement, requiring all persons interested in said
Estate to be and appear before the Hon. Alfred S. Hartwell,
Judge of the Supreme Court, at his Chamber, at his Chamber
in the Court House in Honolulu, on the day and hour above
named, then and there to show cause, if any they have,
why the prayer of said petition should not be granted,
and the accounts of said Estate settled, approved, and allowed,
and an order of distribution of said Estate should not be made.
Honolulu, Sept. 13, 1871.

ALFRED S. HARTWELL,
Justice of Supreme Court.
Attest: WALTER R. SEAL, Clerk.

List of Foreign Jurors,
DRAWN FOR THE OCTOBER TERM, A. D.
1871, of the Supreme Court at Honolulu, H. I.

Samuel Nott, C. E. Williams,
James H. Rogers, H. Waterhouse,
J. O. Gilling, J. T. Dowsett,
C. Williams, J. Carter,
Thos. G. Thrum, Daniel Foster,
J. J. Kenyon, Ira Richardson,
W. R. Irwin, H. Ryan,
W. R. Buchanan, George C. McLean,
George Williams, J. H. Black,
M. Lonsdale, H. Oat, senr.,
John H. Pate, J. H. Thompson,
C. F. Ploger, Thos. H. Davies.

W. R. SEAL,
Clerk of Supreme Court.
Honolulu, Clerk's Office, Sept. 11th, 1871.—25-3t

RECEIVED EX FALKINBURG
OREGON NO. 1 FLOUR,
(STANDARD MILLS.)
Oregon No. 2 Flour
At Price to Suit the Times.

JOHNSON'S SUGAR-CURED
HAMS!
THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST.
COLUMBIA RIVER SALMON
In Barrels and Half Barrels.

25 Barrels of Mess Pork in Bond!
—AND FOR SALE BY—
CASTLE & COOKE.

Notice to Creditors.
THE Undersigned hereby notify all persons
having claims against the Estate of SHERMAN
PECK, Esq., deceased, to present the same duly
authenticated and with the necessary vouchers, to
J. E. PETERSEN, at the Office of A. W. PRICKE & CO.,
Honolulu, within six months from date, or they will
be forever barred.

EMILY H. PECK,
Executrix with the Will annexed, and
JAMES MAKKE,
Administrator of the Estate of Sherman Peck, dec'd.
Honolulu, Sept. 6th, 1871. 31-4t

Just Arrived,
Per American Bark "Frances,"
Fresh A. No. 1 Manila Cigars,
And per Bark
"R. C. Wylie,"
From Bremen, very superior
Havana Cigars, German Cigars, Meerschaum
Pipes, Walking Sticks,
And a large assortment of Fancy Articles in my line.
For sale at the Tobacco and Cigar Store,
H. BOLLMANN,
29-41 Queen St., opposite C. Brewer & Co.

THE new crop of the Kona Farina Man-
ufacture is now coming in and for sale in
quantities to suit purchasers at
34-1m H. A. SCHAEFER & Co.

Notice.
ALL PERSONS, having any of the resi-
due of the property belonging to the estate of
the late Levi Haskins, deceased, in their hands, are
hereby notified to account for, and deliver the same
to the undersigned, he being the lawful residuary
legatee of the said Levi Haskins, deceased, on or before
the 1st day of October, 1871, or he will be
forever barred.
HONOLULU, July 14th, 1871.—35-5t
C. KANAHA.

THE FINE OFFICE IN THE NEW POST
Office Building will be let to a suitable tenant,
on reasonable terms. Apply at the INTERIOR
OFFICE.

200 BBLs. OF OREGON FLOUR,
JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE
Cheap by
C. BREWER & CO.

1871.
Columbia River Salmon,
In Half Barrels, of this Spring's Catch,
and packed with extra care, expressly for family
use, received per Falkenburg this day, and for sale by
25 BOLLES & CO.

Fresh California Lime
FOR SALE BY
A. W. PRICKE & CO.

15 Cases, each 24 dz.,
Perry Davis' Pain Killer
FOR SALE BY
A. W. PRICKE & CO.

Best English
Portland Cement,
FOR SALE BY
A. W. PRICKE & CO.

Ship Chandlery and Ship Stores!
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT ON
Hand, sold at a regular and low price, and for sale at the lowest possible prices, by
2 BOLLES & CO.

Wanted.
White linen and cotton rags suitable for
hat and bandages are required for the Loper
Army at Honolulu. Persons having such articles
to dispose of, will, upon application at the Interior
Office, receive a reasonable price for the same. Those
collecting rags for this purpose should take great care
that only white are collected, as none other are
required.
27-10t

For Kohala, Hawaii.
Schr. Active,
FREDERICK J. HELLING,
Master,
For freight or passage apply to
1-3m WALKER & ALLEN, Agents.

Regular Packet for Molokai.
Schr. Pauahi,
BALISTER,
Master,
Will run as a regular packet between Honolulu
and Molokai, touching at Waianae and Piko.
For freight or passage apply to the Captain on
board or
1-2m H. FREDERICKS, Agent.

2,000 TONS Best Hawaiian Salt, for
sale in quantities to suit, by
BOLLES & CO., Agents.

PACKET LINES.

Steamer Kilauea,
Will leave on Thursday, October 12th,
at 3 P. M., for
KAUAI, touching at
Hanalei, Waimea,
Koloa and Niihau.
SAMUEL G. WILDER,
Agent.

California, New Zealand
AND
Australian Mail Line
OF
STEAM PACKETS.

ONE OF THE FOLLOWING
FINE IRON SCREW STEAMSHIPS.

WONCA WONCA,
STEWART, Master,
CITY OF MELBOURNE,
GRAINGER, Master,
CITY OF ADELAIDE,
MOORE, Master,
ALBION,
WALKER, Master.

Are Appointed to Leave Honolulu
FOR SAN FRANCISCO, FOR FIJI AND SYDNEY,
On or about August 19th On or about August 21st
Sept. 16th Sept. 16th
October 14th Oct. 14th
Nov. 11th Nov. 11th
Dec. 9th Dec. 9th

For freight or passage apply to
H. G. GREEN, Agent.
Honolulu, August 1st, 1871. 29

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.
HAVE RECEIVED,
FROM BREMEN,
Per Hawaiian Bark

'R. C. WYLIE,'
H. HALTERMANN, MASTER,
—A LARGE—

ASSORTMENT OF GOODS
—CAREFULLY—
SELECTED FOR THIS MARKET.

Consisting of—
Dry Goods, Hosiery!
Clothing,
Dress Goods, Broadcloth, Cassimeres
Cigars and Cigaritos,
Groceries,
Wines,
Beers,
And
Liquors.

French Claret,
Superior Sherry
Port Wine,
Genuine Rhine Wine,
Heidsieck & Co's Champagne!
Holland Gin, French Cognac,<